





Building Drought Resilient Communities

- Californians are familiar with drought and calls for conservation
- Alliance for Water Efficiency Demand Hardening study
 - o Customers retain considerable ability to change indoor behavior
 - $\circ\hspace{0.1cm}$ Substantial reductions attainable in outdoor use
- Programs and outreach opportunities
 - $\circ\hspace{0.1in}$ Develop outreach campaigns that activate values and motivate
 - o Help redefine social norms and encourage a new landscape aesthetic
 - $\circ\hspace{0.1in}$ Create feedback loops to generate targeted outreach



IRWD's Focus: Outdoor Savings

- 16% reduction target from SWRCB
 - $\circ \;\;$ State mandate creates conditions for innovation
 - o 80% of accounts are residential-potable
- New Outdoor Allocation formula
 - o 30% reduction in potable outdoor allocation
- Drought-tolerant plants and drip/spray irrigation
- Rightscape Campaign & Workshop Series
- The right plants, equipment, and schedule
- Turf Removal Program
 - $\circ\;\;$ Highly impactful, data rich, & ripe for study



RightScape



Major Questions

PROGRAM IMPACT

- Are we saving water? If so, when are we saving water?What is driving customer participation?

MOTIVATION & NORMS

- What motivates customers to install drought-tolerant landscaping?
 Is there a significant difference in motivation between participants and non-participants?
- Are we reaching new markets and building new norms?

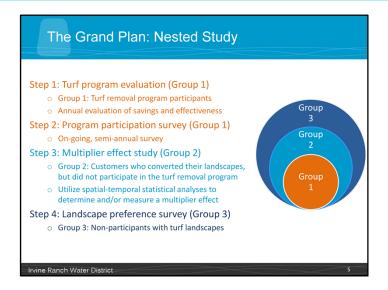
MULTIPLIER EFFECT

- Is there a measurable diffusion rate/multiplier effect of the program?
- Does this effect increase or decrease in response to social, economic, or demographic variables?
 Which landscape types tend to cluster and/or proliferate more rapidly?
- Which landscape types produce the most savings?

FEEDBACK & INSTITUTIONAL LEARNING

Do any patterns emerge from our analysis that could inform program development and/or outreach strategies?





•Group 2 may include those who dropped out of the program or deemed ineligible because they completed the project prior to applying to the program





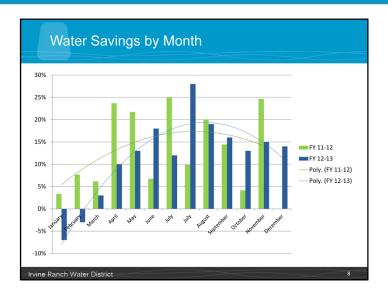
- •Reduce risk to consumers by reducing the purchase price of a product, which decreases the risk to a consumer trying an unfamiliar product
 - •Homes are primary financial asset and significant portion of personal debt
 - •Innovative landscapes types might present a risk to an individual's financial investment and overall wealth
- Front yard
 - oInherently public
 - "What is open to be seen is also judged" social pressure to conform, reinforcement
 - "powerful connective tissue...and inherently democratic medium" (AJ Downing)
- "Wildness" or "messiness" of native landscaping
- •Maintained landscape indicates presence of caretakers and "cues to care", sense of order, "the virtues of labor", "respect for neighbors"
- •Descriptive norms: entail typical patterns of social activities or choices, aka 'standard practice' or THE LAWN
- •Injunctive norms: Involve judgment of un/desirability of specific actions. Ex) Neat, orderly, interpreted as neighborly



	ACRE FEET/YEAR SAVINGS	AVERAGE % REDUCTION
FY11-12	1.35	-17.4%*
FY12-13	0.85	-8.8%*
OVERALL SAVINGS	2.19	-12.7%*
*Data is not weather nor	malized	

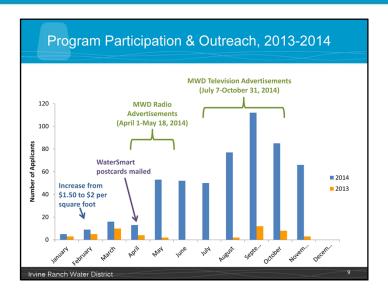
•FY11-12: GALLONS SAVED CALCULATED BY SUBTRACTING THE SUM OF EACH PARTICIPANT'S AVERAGE ANNUAL USE OF FISCAL YEARS 11-12, 12-13, & 13-14 FROM FISCAL YEARS 8-9, 9-10, & 10-11
•FY12-13: GALLONS SAVED CALCULATED BY SUBTRACTING THE SUM OF EACH PARTICIPANT'S AVERAGE ANNUAL USE OF FISCAL YEARS 12-13 AND 13-14 FROM FISCAL YEARS 8-9, 9-10, 10-11, & 11-12; FYs 08-09 AND 09-10 WAS INCLUDED IN THE PRE-ANALYSIS BECAUSE THEY WERE DRIER THAN FYS 10-11 AND 11-12
•OVERALL SAVINGS IS A WEIGHTED AVERAGE FROM FY11-12 AND FY12-13





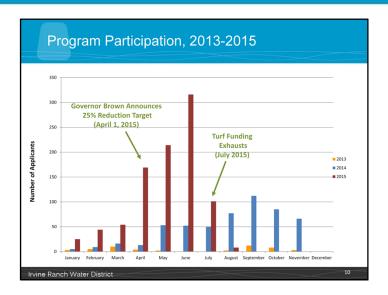
•AVERAGE WATER SAVINGS ARE CALCULATED FOR EACH MONTH AND THE PRE AND POST PERIODS FOR RESPECTIVE YEAR ARE COMPARED





-Irvine benefits from its media market





-Irvine benefits from its media market



Literature Review Landscape Design & Preferences Social Norms & "Neighborhood Effect" Extrinsic and Intrinsic Motivation Email Survey – 300 participants So% response rate Findings Demographics Composition of Front & Back Yards Landscape Material Correlations Integrated Analysis of Motivation



Front Yard & Landscape Design Choices

- Front yard is inherently public
 - o "What is open to be seen is also judged"
- External display of internalized public expectations of maintenance, aesthetics, & appearance
 - Maintained landscape indicates presence of caretakers, sense of order, "the virtues of labor", "respect for neighbors"
 - o Concern about the "wildness" or "messiness" of native landscaping
- · Homeowners are risk averse
 - o Primary financial asset & significant portion of personal debt
 - Non-traditional landscapes present a risk to an individual's financial investment and overall wealth

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Countering the Neighborhood Effect Societal norms vary at different scales Sharpening of conformity at the neighborhood scale Tendency act in accordance with the norms established by their neighborhood Actions influenced by formal and informal institutions Ordinances and HOA Covenants, Codes, & Restrictions Self- and socially reinforced behavioral regularities and expectations • Our aim with the turf program: o Weaken descriptive norms prescribing lush green lawns o Strong injunctive/moral norm messaging of acceptable behavior Irvine Ranch Water District

Outreach materials and educational campaigns oLeverage partnership with WaterSmart

•Reduce risk to consumers by reducing the purchase price of a product, which decreases the risk to a consumer trying an unfamiliar product

•Homes are primary financial asset and significant portion of personal debt

•Innovative landscapes types might present a risk to an individual's financial investment and overall wealth

Front yard

olnherently public "What is open to be seen is also judged" – social pressure to conform, reinforcement "powerful connective tissue...and inherently democratic medium" (AJ Downing)

"Wildness" or "messiness" of native landscaping

•Maintained landscape indicates presence of caretakers and "cues to care", sense of order, "the virtues of labor", "respect for neighbors"

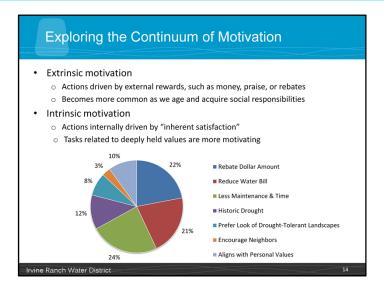
•Descriptive norms: entail typical patterns of social activities or choices, aka 'standard practice' or THE LAWN

•Injunctive norms: Involve judgment of un/desirability of specific actions.

Ex) Neat, orderly, interpreted as neighborly

•An injunctive norm is based on what ought to be; or in simpler terms, an injunctive norm involves your perception of whether a behavior will be approved or disapproved by a given group. Injunctive norms are often referred to as moral norms because behavior is governed by the moral values of the individual.





- •Appeal to Existing Values: Money, Time, Convenience, Functionality, Personal Aesthetic Preferences, Public Appearance/Social Reputation, Physical health, Environmental motivations
- •Promote New Values:
 - •Environmental Stewardship, new aesthetic/sense of place, shared investment in community/social equity, patience



Pree Survey Tools Google Forms, Survey Monkey, Survey Gizmo, and more Encourage a 'culture of sharing' Please copy, modify, and/or redistribute my survey SPSS package for social science Analyze nominal and ordinal data Yes/No, Likert scale Invine Ranch Water District Please enter your marks below. Please enter your marks below.





- •Radio & Television cross market
- •Social Media difficult market to tap into



Attribute	Participants	Irvine	
Bachelor's Degree or Higher	88%	65%	
Median Household Income	68% > \$95,000 41% > \$150,000	\$90,585	
Median Home Size	2,420 sq. ft.	2,580 sq. ft.	
Median Lot Size	6,450 sq. ft.	-	
Median Year Built	1978 (Range: 1920 -2013)	1992	
Median Time @ Residence	15 years	-	
Median Time in So Cal	90% > 15 years	-	

- •Irvine: 65% with bachelor's degree or higher
- •\$90,585 averagee annual household income
- •1992 median year home built



Landscape Composition - Summary

What did you install in your front and back yards? Check all that apply.

FRONT YARD

- 78% of respondents
- Artificial turf correlated negatively with all landscape materials
- Most commonly installed items:
 - Mulch: 37%
 - Native plants: 37%
 - Artificial turf: 35%
 - Rocks: 22%
 - Cacti/Succulents: 20%

BACK YARD

- 62% of respondents
- Artificial turf correlated negatively with all landscape materials
- Most commonly installed items:
 - Artificial turf: 29%
 - Mulch: 24%
 - Native plants: 18%
 - Pavers: 13%
 - Rocks: 12%



Front Yard - Correlations

- DG & Natives: .375**

- Mulch & Natives: .724**
 Rocks & Natives: .535**
 Natives & Cacti/Succ: .523**
 Rocks & Cacti/Succ: .476**
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- Natives & Artificial turf: -412**
 Natives & Artificial turf: -412**
 Pavers & Cacti/Succ: .323**
 Natives & Non-natives: .323**
 DG & Cacti/Succ: .393**
 DG & Non-natives: .319**
 Cacti & Artificial turf: -.25*

 - **Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed)

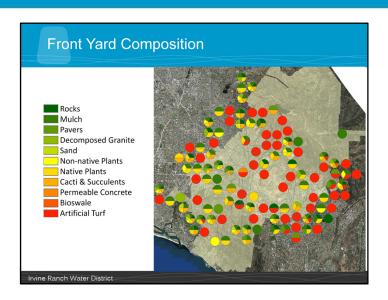


Back Yard - Correlations

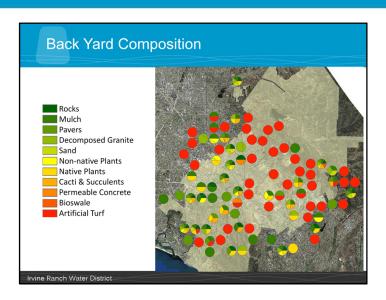
DG & Natives: .558**
Rocks & Natives: .490**
Rocks & Sand: .487**
Mulch & Natives: .485**
Rocks & Mulch: .484**
Pavers & Cacti/Succ: .460**
Rocks & Pavers: .443**
Mulch & Cacti/Succ: .432**
Natives & Cacti/Succ: .414**
Sand & Natives: .383**
Rocks & Cacti/Succ: .344**
Pavers & Natives: .320**
Mulch & Non-natives: .317**
Mulch & Sand: .316**
Mulch & DG: .308**

^{**}Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed)









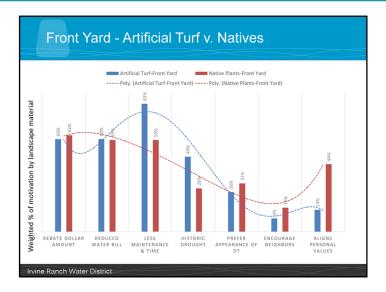


Motivation-High Scores

Please indicate the top 3 factors that most influenced your decision to remove your lawn.

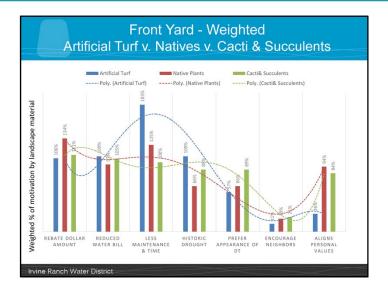
- First Choice:
 - Reduce maintenance time & cost (33%)
 - Rebate dollar amount (17%)
 - Historic drought (15%)
- Second Choice:
 - Reduce water bills (25%)
 - Reduce maintenance time & cost (24%)
 - Rebate dollar amount (24%)
- Third choice:
 - Reduce water bills (26%)
 - Rebate dollar amount (25%)
 - Reduce maintenance time & cost (15%)





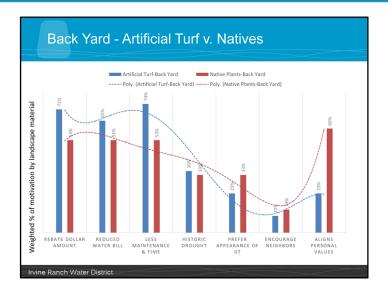
- •Hypothesis: fundamentally different motivations
- polynomial trendline





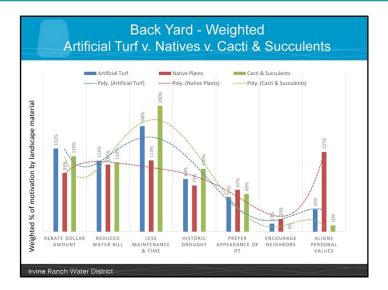
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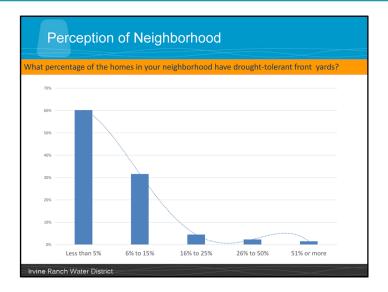
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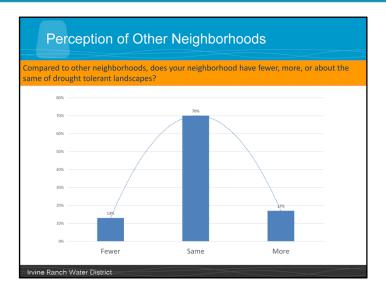
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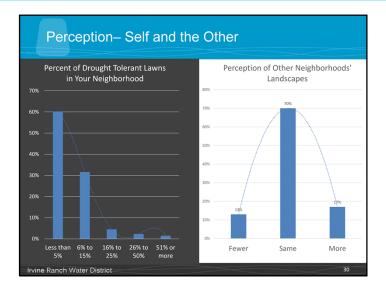
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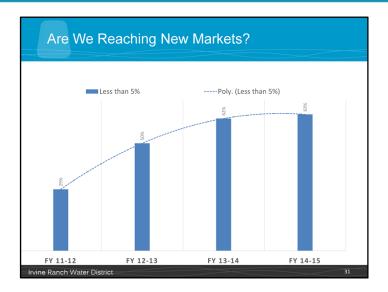
•polynomial trendline





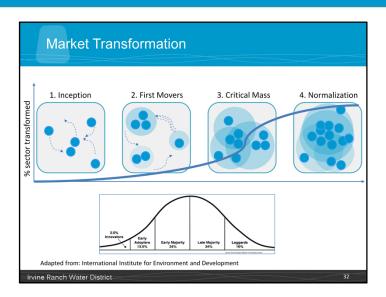
- •"Compared to your neighborhood, do other neighborhoods have fewer, more, or about the same amount of drought-tolerant landscapes?"
- •No matter how they perceived their own neighborhood (a lot or a little), most felt that their neighborhood had the same amount as other neighborhoods.
- Good application for geospatial analysis





•polynomial trendline

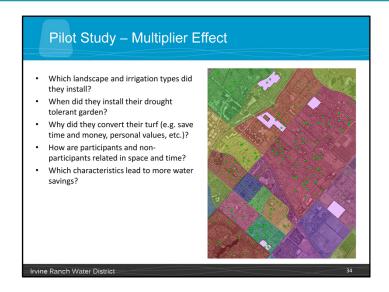






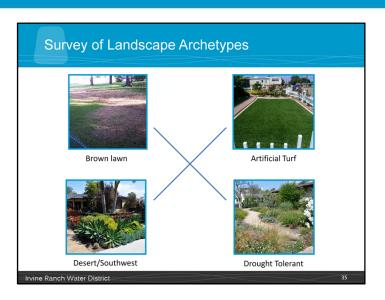






•DCSE will obtain the information regarding the turf removal program participants – address, date of turf removal, etc. (corresponding with the survey forms). DCSE will identify / map the locations of the turf program participants, and their neighbors in the 14 neighborhoods. This will facilitate planning the survey.











Findings

- Present findings at WaterSmart Innovations Conference
- Thursday, October 8, 2015

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